

## Technical Data Summary, Ultract type direct drive generator

**Generator Type** MotorCode = "U318W100.20.3 - G - R0 - pa"

**Document** DocNum = "preliminary - offer purpose only"

Reference data:  
T\_coolant = 20 C  
T\_copper = 100 C  
S1\_Δt = 80 C

### Cooling Type

Cooling<sub>Coolindex,0</sub> = "water + glycole cooling"

Output power, cont. duty S1, wn2, coil at Tcopper

Pout(Itherm(wn2), wn2) = 260.9·kW

Rated speed

wn2 = 2000·rpm

Max speed

wn3 = 2200·rpm

Generator constant

Mcst = 24.548·N· $\frac{\text{m}}{\sqrt{\text{watt}}}$

Breakover torque in short circuit

Cul = 3.5 × 10<sup>3</sup>·N·m

### Physical data:

Maximum mechanical speed

Wmax = 3 × 10<sup>3</sup>·rpm

Rotor inertia, magnet ring

Jrot = 0.701 kg·m<sup>2</sup>

Max. shock on Generator, any direction

Shk := 2·g

Max. vibration level on Generator, any direction

Vlevel := 2·g

Outer diameter

Dstin = 325·mm

Stator mass, active part

Mstat = 156.1472 kg

Airgap, mechanical,

Agap = 1.2·mm

Maximum inner rotor diameter

Diamin = 184.3978·mm

Outer rotor diameter

Diamax = 470·mm

Stack radial length

$\frac{\text{Stk1}}{2} = 240\cdot\text{mm}$

Insulation class

**Class H**

Cooling

Cooling<sub>Coolindex,0</sub> = "water + glycole cooling"

Magnet mass

Mmag = 13.6076·kg

Total mass, active part only

Mtotal = 207.1956 kg

### Thermal data:

Generator max loss at wn2	Loss(Imnominale, wn2) = 6.845·kW
Thermal impedance, copper to air over frame, 1 m/sec	$R_{th} = 9.5094 \times 10^{-3} \cdot K \cdot watt^{-1}$
Thermal capacity	$C_{th} = 6.5582 \times 10^4 \cdot joule \cdot K^{-1}$
Thermal time constant	$t_a = 623.6467 \text{ s}$
Threshold of built-in PTC	$PTCt := 130 \cdot K$
Coolant flow (water) (temp. rise=10K)	$F_l = 9.8112 \cdot \frac{\text{liter}}{\text{min}}$
Temp. rise in coolant	$Dt = 10 \text{ K}$
Max. coolant inlet temperature	$Intemp := 40 \text{ C}$

### Electrical data:

Pole number	$P_n = 12$
Connection	Wye
Rated voltage	$ V_{gen}(I_{therm}(wn2), wn2)  \cdot \sqrt{3} = 323.8 \cdot \text{volt}$
Rated current	$I_{therm}(wn2) = 479 \cdot \text{amp}$
Back EMF between phases, tol +/-7%, 20C	$EMF = 1.6 \cdot \text{volt} \cdot \text{sec}$
Torque constant	$K_t = 2.8 \cdot N \cdot m \cdot amp^{-1}$
Temperature coefficient of back EMF and Kt	$D_{ke}/Dt = -0.11\%/K$
Winding resistance, 20 C	$R_w = 8.8708 \times 10^{-3} \cdot \text{ohm}$
Winding inductance	$L_c = 0.1484 \cdot \text{mH}$
Frequency at wn	$F_n = 200 \cdot \text{Hz}$
Min. demagnetization current, 125 C	$I_{pk} = 4.5941 \times 10^3 \cdot \text{amp}$
Efficiency at rated power	$Eff(I_{therm}(wn2), wn2) = 0.9732$

### Nominal (design) data at operating point 1

Input Mechanical Torque	Input_Torque = 1226·N·m
Input Mechanical Power	Input_Power = 257·kW
Speed	wn2 = 2000·rpm
Nominal power	Pnominale = 250·kW
Nominal current	Imnominale = 458.0407·amp
Nominal voltage	Vgennom = 323.6859·volt
Nominal power factor	Cosfinom = 0.9735
Nominal efficiency	Effnom = 0.973
Direct current	Idnom = 0·amp
Quadrature current	Iqnom = 458.0407·amp

**NOTE:** These are the values at the generator terminals and NOT on the grid.

The power fed into the grid must be reduced of the Inverter and the AFE losses

For the overall efficiency must therefore be considerate the sum of the generator losses + Inverter + AFE

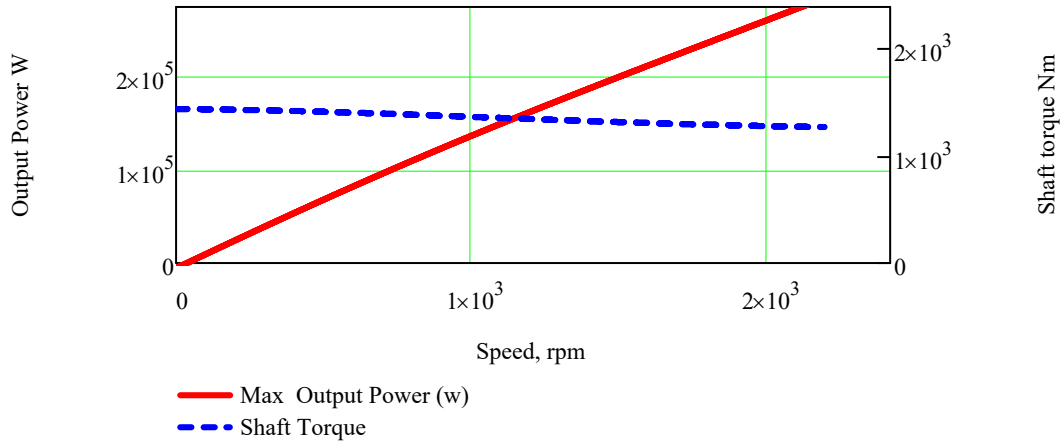
Maximum generator electric output power (W) and shaft torque (Nm) versus speed (rad/sec), electric loss only (frameless generator), sinusoidal current control, Id=0

Reference data:

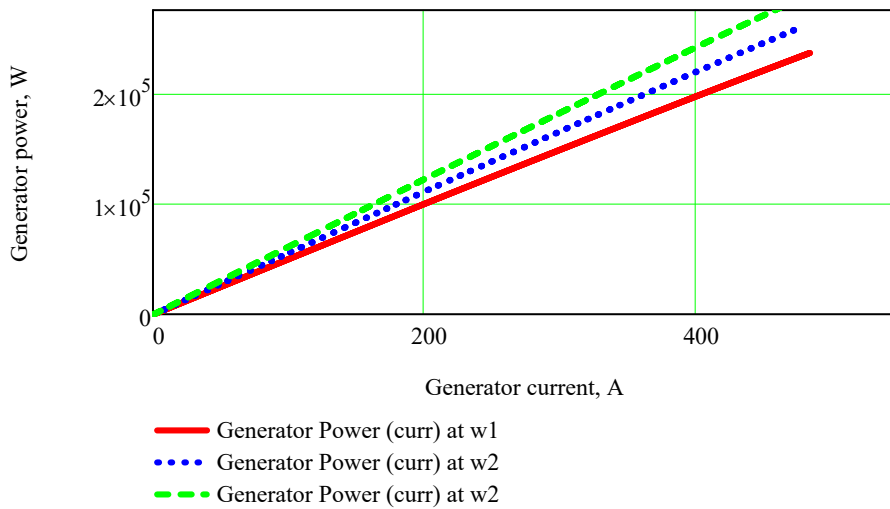
T\_coolant = 20 C

T\_copper = 100 C

S1\_Δt = 80 C



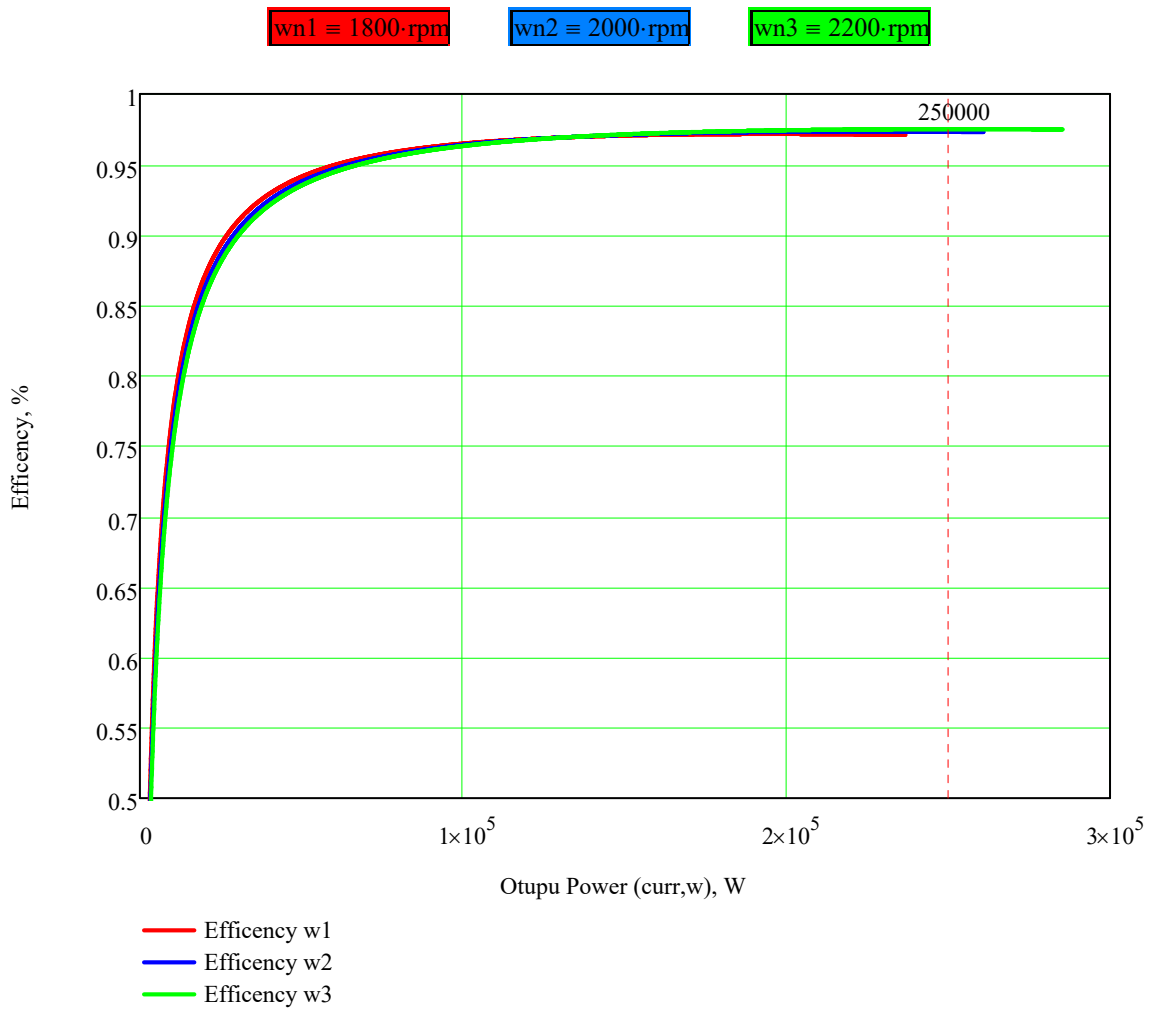
Generator power(W) versus current at wn1,2,3 speeds, sinusoidal current control, Id=



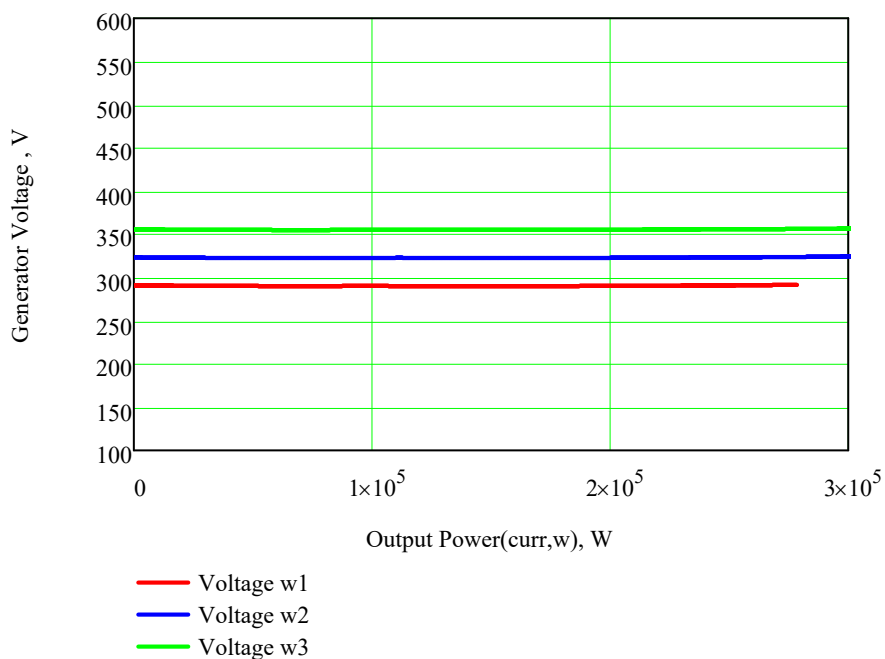
Dati di targa - nameplate data

<b>Generator Code</b>	MotorCode = "U318W100.20.3 - G - R0 - pa	<b>Nominal speed</b>	wn2 = 2000·rpm
<b>Pole Number</b>	Pn = 12	<b>Shaft torque</b>	Tgen(wn2) = 1279.9·N·m
<b>Rated voltage</b>	$ V_{gen}(I_{therm}(wn2), wn2)  \cdot \sqrt{3} = 324 \cdot \text{volt}$	<b>EMF voltage</b>	EMF = 1.6349·V·s
<b>Rated current</b>	Itherm(wn2) = 479·amp	<b>Rated output power</b>	Pout(Itherm(wn2), wn2) = 260.87·kW

### Efficiency vs. output power at $\omega_{n1,2,3}$ rpm, converter load (sinusoidal Id control)



### Generator voltage versus output power at $\omega_{n1,2,3}$ speeds; sinusoidal current control, $I_d=0$ , max temperature (add ~ 8% more voltage at low temperature)



## Generator output power and efficiency at different load values

